

DAG-M-20175-O

Seat No.

First Year M. B. S. (W.E.F. 2016) Examination

April - 2022

Biochemistry: Paper - I (Old Course)

Time: 3 Hours [Total Marks: 50

Instructions: (1) Each section is to be answered in separate answer book.

(2) Answers should be brief and to the point.

SECTION - I

- 1 State true or false with reasons on any six: 1×6=6
 - (a) Vitamin C deficiency leads to scurvy.
 - (b) Lactose is also known as malt sugar.
 - (c) Arginine is an example of acidic amino acid.
 - (d) Immunoglobulin-G can cross placental barrier.
 - (e) Albumin globulin ratio is reversed in liver cirrhosis.
 - (f) Primary structure of protein contains only peptide bonds.
 - (g) Cytochrome oxidase is inhibited by cyanide ions.
- 2 (a) Read the following case report and answers the 1×5=5 questions:

A paediatrician was called to attend a 3 days old neonate as the baby's skin had become yellowish in colour. Paediatrician was found the icterus was present. Lab investigation showed: Serum total bilirubin = 14 mg/dl, Direct bilirubin = 0.8 mg/dl, indirect bilirubin = 13.2 mg/dl. He advised phototherapy to baby and drug phenobarbitone. Daily monitoring of serum bilirubin level was advised.

Questions:

- (i) Why do many neonates suffer forms jaundice?
- (ii) How and where bilirubin from in the body?
- (iii) Differentiate between direct and indirect bilirubin.
- (iv) How is phototherapy and drug phenobarbitone helpful in this condition?
- (v) Why it is important to monitor bilirubin levels?

		(ii). Night blindness - Causes and types	
3	Write short notes on any three:		3×3=9
	(i)	Homopolysaccharides	
	(ii)	Classification of enzymes	
	(iii)	Proteins denaturation	
	(iv)	Synthetic nucleotides	
		SECTION - II	
4	Give	e your comments with justification on any six:	1×6=6
	(a)	Lysosomes are called suicidal bags.	
	(b)	Active transport needs ATP	
	(c)	Sugars exhibit various forms of isomerism	
	(d)	Agar is used as laxative.	
	(e)	Fats get rancid on exposure to air, humidity a temperature.	and
	(f)	Glutathione keeps cell membrane in reduced state	е.
	(g)	FMN and FAD act as coenzymes in various H-trans reactions.	fer
5	Discuss any two of the following: 5×2=10		5×2=10
	(a)	Diagnostic significance of enzymes	
	(b)	Centrifugation and its applications	
	(c)	Haemoglobin derivatives	
6	Write short notes on any three: 3×3=9		
	(a)	Essential amino acids	
	(b)	Electron transport chain (ETC)	
	(c)	Biochemical functions of calcium	
	(d)	Biologically active peptides.	

Vitamin E- Functions and Dietary sources

(b) Discuss the following:

3+2=5